

Mathematica 11.3 Integration Test Results

Test results for the 153 problems in "5.3.7 Inverse tangent functions.m"

Problem 15: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right]}{x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 59 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right]}{x} - \frac{\sqrt{-e} \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}{\sqrt{d}}\right]}{\sqrt{d}}$$

Result (type 3, 86 leaves):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right]}{x} + \frac{i \sqrt{e} \text{Log}\left[\frac{2 i \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{e} x} - \frac{2 \sqrt{-e} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{e x}\right]}{\sqrt{d}}$$

Problem 18: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int x^{9/2} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 211 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{60 d^2 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{847 (-e)^{5/2}} + \frac{36 d x^{5/2} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{847 (-e)^{3/2}} + \frac{4 x^{9/2} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{121 \sqrt{-e}} + \frac{2}{11} x^{11/2} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] + \left(\frac{30 d^{11/4} \sqrt{-e} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e} x) \sqrt{\frac{d+e x^2}{(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e} x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left[2 \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4} \sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right]}{(847 e^{13/4} \sqrt{d+e x^2})} \right) /$$

Result (type 4, 170 leaves):

$$\frac{4 \sqrt{x} \sqrt{d+e x^2} (15 d^2 - 9 d e x^2 + 7 e^2 x^4)}{847 (-e)^{5/2}} + \frac{2}{11} x^{11/2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] -$$

$$\frac{60 i d^3 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{e x^2}} x \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{e}}}}{\sqrt{x}}\right], -1\right]}{847 \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{e}}} (-e)^{5/2} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}$$

Problem 19: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int x^{5/2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 181 leaves, 5 steps):

$$\frac{20 d \sqrt{x} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{147 (-e)^{3/2}} + \frac{4 x^{5/2} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{49 \sqrt{-e}} + \frac{2}{7} x^{7/2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] -$$

$$\left(\frac{10 d^{7/4} \sqrt{-e} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e} x) \sqrt{\frac{d+e x^2}{(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e} x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4} \sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right]}{147 e^{9/4} \sqrt{d+e x^2}} \right) /$$

Result (type 4, 158 leaves):

$$\frac{2}{147} \sqrt{x} \left(\frac{2 (5 d - 3 e x^2) \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{(-e)^{3/2}} + 21 x^3 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] \right) -$$

$$\frac{20 i d^2 \sqrt{1 + \frac{d}{e x^2}} x \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{e}}}}{\sqrt{x}}\right], -1\right]}{147 \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{e}}} (-e)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}$$

Problem 20: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \sqrt{x} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 153 leaves, 4 steps):

$$\frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9\sqrt{-e}} + \frac{2}{3}x^{3/2}\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right] + \frac{1}{9e^{5/4}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$2d^{3/4}\sqrt{-e}(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e}x)\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e}x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left[2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4}\sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 147 leaves):

$$\frac{4\sqrt{x}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{9\sqrt{-e}} + \frac{2}{3}x^{3/2}\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right] - \frac{4id\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}}x\text{EllipticF}\left[i\text{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{id}{e}}}{\sqrt{x}}\right], -1\right]}{9\sqrt{\frac{id}{e}}\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

Problem 21: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]}{x^{3/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 122 leaves, 3 steps):

$$-\frac{2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{x}} + \left(2\sqrt{-e}(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e}x)\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e}x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left[2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4}\sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right]\right) / (d^{1/4}e^{1/4}\sqrt{d+ex^2})$$

Result (type 4, 115 leaves):

$$-\frac{2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]}{\sqrt{x}} + \frac{4i\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}}x\text{EllipticF}\left[i\text{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{id}{e}}}{\sqrt{x}}\right], -1\right]}{\sqrt{\frac{id}{e}}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

Problem 22: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]}{x^{7/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 156 leaves, 4 steps):

$$-\frac{4\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{15dx^{3/2}} - \frac{2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]}{5x^{5/2}} - \frac{1}{15d^{5/4}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

$$2\sqrt{-e}e^{3/4}(\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x)\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{(\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left[2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4}\sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 150 leaves):

$$-\frac{2\left(2\sqrt{-e}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}+3d\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]\right)}{15dx^{5/2}} +$$

$$\frac{4i(-e)^{3/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}}x\text{EllipticF}\left[i\text{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{id}{e}}}{\sqrt{x}}\right], -1\right]}{15d\sqrt{\frac{id}{e}}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

Problem 23: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]}{x^{11/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 186 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-\frac{4\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{63dx^{7/2}} - \frac{20(-e)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{189d^2x^{3/2}} - \frac{2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]}{9x^{9/2}} +$$

$$\left(\frac{10\sqrt{-e}e^{7/4}(\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x)\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{(\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x)^2}}\text{EllipticF}\left[2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4}\sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right]}{(189d^{9/4}\sqrt{d+ex^2})}\right) /$$

Result (type 4, 162 leaves):

$$\frac{4\sqrt{-e}x\sqrt{d+ex^2}(-3d+5ex^2)-42d^2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]}{189d^2x^{9/2}} +$$

$$\frac{20i(-e)^{5/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}}x\text{EllipticF}\left[i\text{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{id}{e}}}{\sqrt{x}}\right], -1\right]}{189d^2\sqrt{\frac{id}{e}}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}$$

Problem 24: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right]}{x^{15/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 216 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{4\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{143dx^{11/2}} - \frac{36(-e)^{3/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{1001d^2x^{7/2}} - \frac{60(-e)^{5/2}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{1001d^3x^{3/2}} - \frac{2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]}{13x^{13/2}} \\ & \left(\frac{30\sqrt{-e}e^{11/4}(\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x)\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{(\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left[2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4}\sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right]}{1001d^{13/4}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) / \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 171 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{1001x^{13/2}} \left(-\frac{2\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{d+ex^2}(7d^2x-9dex^3+15e^2x^5)}{d^3} \right. \\ & \left. + \frac{77\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right] + \frac{30i(-e)^{7/2}\sqrt{1+\frac{d}{ex^2}}x^{15/2}\text{EllipticF}\left[i\text{ArcSinh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{e}}}}{\sqrt{x}}\right], -1\right]}{d^3\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{d}}{\sqrt{e}}}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 25: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int x^{7/2} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 326 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\frac{28 d x^{3/2} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{405 (-e)^{3/2}} + \frac{4 x^{7/2} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{81 \sqrt{-e}} - \frac{28 d^2 \sqrt{-e} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{135 e^{5/2} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x})} + \frac{2}{9} x^{9/2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] +$$

$$\left(28 d^{9/4} \sqrt{-e} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x}) \sqrt{\frac{d+e x^2}{(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4} \sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right] \right) /$$

$$\left(135 e^{11/4} \sqrt{d+e x^2} \right) -$$

$$\left(14 d^{9/4} \sqrt{-e} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x}) \sqrt{\frac{d+e x^2}{(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4} \sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right] \right) /$$

$$\left(135 e^{11/4} \sqrt{d+e x^2} \right)$$

Result (type 4, 263 leaves):

$$\left(2 \sqrt{x} \left(x \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}} \right. \right.$$

$$\left. \left. \left(14 d^2 \sqrt{-e^2} + 4 d \sqrt{-e} e^{3/2} x^2 + 10 (-e^2)^{3/2} x^4 + 45 e^{5/2} x^3 \sqrt{d+e x^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] \right) - \right.$$

$$42 d^{5/2} \sqrt{-e} \sqrt{1 + \frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}}\right], -1\right] + 42 d^{5/2} \sqrt{-e}$$

$$\left. \left. \sqrt{1 + \frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}}\right], -1\right] \right) \right) / \left(405 e^{5/2} \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}} \sqrt{d+e x^2} \right)$$

Problem 26: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int x^{3/2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 296 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\frac{4 x^{3/2} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{25 \sqrt{-e}} + \frac{12 d \sqrt{-e} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{25 e^{3/2} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x})} + \frac{2}{5} x^{5/2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] - \frac{1}{25 e^{7/4} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}$$

$$12 d^{5/4} \sqrt{-e} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x}) \sqrt{\frac{d+e x^2}{(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4} \sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right] +$$

$$\frac{1}{25 e^{7/4} \sqrt{d+e x^2}} 6 d^{5/4} \sqrt{-e} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x}) \sqrt{\frac{d+e x^2}{(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4} \sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right]$$

Result (type 4, 244 leaves):

$$- \left(\left(2 \sqrt{x} \left(x \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}} \left(2 d \sqrt{-e^2} + 2 \sqrt{-e} e^{3/2} x^2 - 5 e^{3/2} x \sqrt{d + e x^2} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} \right] \right) - \right. \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 6 d^{3/2} \sqrt{-e} \sqrt{1 + \frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticE} \left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}} \right], -1 \right] + 6 d^{3/2} \sqrt{-e} \sqrt{1 + \frac{e x^2}{d}} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \operatorname{EllipticF} \left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}} \right], -1 \right] \right) \right) / \left(25 e^{3/2} \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}} \sqrt{d + e x^2} \right)$$

Problem 27: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} \right]}{\sqrt{x}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 260 leaves, 5 steps):

$$- \frac{4 \sqrt{-e} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{d + e x^2}}{\sqrt{e} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e} x)} + 2 \sqrt{x} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} \right] + \frac{1}{e^{3/4} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} \\ 4 d^{1/4} \sqrt{-e} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e} x) \sqrt{\frac{d + e x^2}{(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e} x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticE} \left[2 \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{e^{1/4} \sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}} \right], \frac{1}{2} \right] - \\ \frac{1}{e^{3/4} \sqrt{d + e x^2}} 2 d^{1/4} \sqrt{-e} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e} x) \sqrt{\frac{d + e x^2}{(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e} x)^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left[2 \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{e^{1/4} \sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}} \right], \frac{1}{2} \right]$$

Result (type 4, 208 leaves):

$$\left(2 \sqrt{x} \left(\sqrt{e} \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}} \sqrt{d + e x^2} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d + e x^2}} \right] - \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. 2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{-e} \sqrt{1 + \frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticE} \left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}} \right], -1 \right] + 2 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{-e} \right. \right. \\ \left. \left. \sqrt{1 + \frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF} \left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh} \left[\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}} \right], -1 \right] \right) \right) / \left(\sqrt{e} \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}} \sqrt{d + e x^2} \right)$$

Problem 28: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right]}{x^{5/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 298 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & -\frac{4\sqrt{-e}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d\sqrt{x}} + \frac{4\sqrt{-e^2}\sqrt{x}\sqrt{d+ex^2}}{3d(\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x)} - \frac{2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]}{3x^{3/2}} - \frac{1}{3d^{3/4}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} \\ & 4\sqrt{-e}e^{1/4}(\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x)\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{(\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x)^2}} \text{EllipticE}\left[2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4}\sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right] + \\ & \frac{1}{3d^{3/4}\sqrt{d+ex^2}} 2\sqrt{-e}e^{1/4}(\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x)\sqrt{\frac{d+ex^2}{(\sqrt{d}+\sqrt{e}x)^2}} \text{EllipticF}\left[2\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4}\sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right] \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 234 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \left(-2\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}}\left(2\sqrt{-e}x(d+ex^2)+d\sqrt{d+ex^2}\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e}x}{\sqrt{d+ex^2}}\right]\right)+\right. \\ & 4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-e^2}x^2\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticE}\left[i\text{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}}\right], -1\right]- \\ & \left.4\sqrt{d}\sqrt{-e^2}x^2\sqrt{1+\frac{ex^2}{d}}\text{EllipticF}\left[i\text{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}}\right], -1\right]\right)/ \\ & \left(3dx^{3/2}\sqrt{\frac{i\sqrt{e}x}{\sqrt{d}}}\sqrt{d+ex^2}\right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 29: Result unnecessarily involves imaginary or complex numbers.

$$\int \frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right]}{x^{9/2}} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 331 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & - \frac{4 \sqrt{-e} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{35 d x^{5/2}} - \frac{12 (-e)^{3/2} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{35 d^2 \sqrt{x}} - \frac{12 \sqrt{-e} e^{3/2} \sqrt{x} \sqrt{d+e x^2}}{35 d^2 (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x})} - \frac{2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right]}{7 x^{7/2}} + \\
 & \frac{1}{35 d^{7/4} \sqrt{d+e x^2}} 12 \sqrt{-e} e^{5/4} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x}) \sqrt{\frac{d+e x^2}{(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4} \sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right] - \\
 & \frac{1}{35 d^{7/4} \sqrt{d+e x^2}} 6 \sqrt{-e} e^{5/4} (\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x}) \sqrt{\frac{d+e x^2}{(\sqrt{d} + \sqrt{e x})^2}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[2 \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{e^{1/4} \sqrt{x}}{d^{1/4}}\right], \frac{1}{2}\right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 256 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \left(2 \left(\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}} \left(2 \sqrt{-e} x (-d^2 + 2 d e x^2 + 3 e^2 x^4) - 5 d^2 \sqrt{d+e x^2} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{-e} x}{\sqrt{d+e x^2}}\right] \right) + \right. \right. \\
 & \quad 6 \sqrt{d} (-e)^{3/2} \sqrt{e} x^4 \sqrt{1 + \frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticE}\left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}}\right], -1\right] + 6 \sqrt{d} \sqrt{-e} e^{3/2} x^4 \\
 & \quad \left. \left. \sqrt{1 + \frac{e x^2}{d}} \operatorname{EllipticF}\left[i \operatorname{ArcSinh}\left[\sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}}\right], -1\right] \right) \right) / \left(35 d^2 x^{7/2} \sqrt{\frac{i \sqrt{e} x}{\sqrt{d}}} \sqrt{d+e x^2} \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 32: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{\sqrt{1-c x}}{\sqrt{1+c x}}\right] \right)^3}{1 - c^2 x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 431 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right] \right)^3 \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[1 - \frac{2}{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}} \right]}{c} + \\
 & \frac{3 i b \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right] \right)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, 1 - \frac{2}{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}} \right]}{2 c} - \\
 & \frac{3 i b \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right] \right)^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, -1 + \frac{2}{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}} \right]}{2 c} + \\
 & \frac{3 b^2 \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right] \right) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[3, 1 - \frac{2}{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}} \right]}{2 c} - \\
 & \frac{3 b^2 \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right] \right) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[3, -1 + \frac{2}{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}} \right]}{2 c} - \\
 & \frac{3 i b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[4, 1 - \frac{2}{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}} \right]}{4 c} + \frac{3 i b^3 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[4, -1 + \frac{2}{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}} \right]}{4 c}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 42 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right] \right)^3}{1 - c^2 x^2} dx$$

Problem 33: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right] \right)^2}{1 - c^2 x^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 283 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \frac{2 \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right] \right)^2 \operatorname{ArcTanh} \left[1 - \frac{2}{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}} \right]}{c} + \\
 & \frac{i b \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right] \right) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, 1 - \frac{2}{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}} \right]}{c} - \\
 & \frac{i b \left(a + b \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right] \right) \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, -1 + \frac{2}{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}} \right]}{c} + \\
 & \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[3, 1 - \frac{2}{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}} \right]}{2c} - \frac{b^2 \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[3, -1 + \frac{2}{1 + \frac{i\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}}} \right]}{2c}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 42 leaves):

$$\int \frac{\left(a + b \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{\sqrt{1-cx}}{\sqrt{1+cx}} \right] \right)^2}{1 - c^2 x^2} dx$$

Problem 50: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{ArcTan} [c + d \operatorname{Tan} [a + b x]] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 198 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & x \operatorname{ArcTan} [c + d \operatorname{Tan} [a + b x]] + \\
 & \frac{1}{2} i x \operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{(1 + i c + d) e^{2 i a + 2 i b x}}{1 + i c - d} \right] - \frac{1}{2} i x \operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{(c + i(1 - d)) e^{2 i a + 2 i b x}}{c + i(1 + d)} \right] + \\
 & \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, -\frac{(1 + i c + d) e^{2 i a + 2 i b x}}{1 + i c - d} \right]}{4 b} - \frac{\operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, -\frac{(c + i(1 - d)) e^{2 i a + 2 i b x}}{c + i(1 + d)} \right]}{4 b}
 \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 418 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned}
 & x \operatorname{ArcTan} [c + d \operatorname{Tan} [a + b x]] + \\
 & \frac{1}{4 b} \left(2 a \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{c (1 + e^{2 i (a + b x)})}{1 + d + e^{2 i (a + b x)} - d e^{2 i (a + b x)}} \right] + 2 a \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{c (1 + e^{2 i (a + b x)})}{1 + e^{2 i (a + b x)} + d (-1 + e^{2 i (a + b x)})} \right] \right) + \\
 & 2 i (a + b x) \operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{(c - i(1 + d)) e^{2 i (a + b x)}}{c + i(-1 + d)} \right] - 2 i (a + b x) \operatorname{Log} \left[1 + \frac{(i + c - i d) e^{2 i (a + b x)}}{c + i(1 + d)} \right] + \\
 & i a \operatorname{Log} \left[e^{-4 i (a + b x)} \left(c^2 (1 + e^{2 i (a + b x)})^2 + (1 + d + e^{2 i (a + b x)} - d e^{2 i (a + b x)})^2 \right) \right] - \\
 & i a \operatorname{Log} \left[e^{-4 i (a + b x)} \left(c^2 (1 + e^{2 i (a + b x)})^2 + (1 + e^{2 i (a + b x)} + d (-1 + e^{2 i (a + b x)}))^2 \right) \right] + \\
 & \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, -\frac{(c - i(1 + d)) e^{2 i (a + b x)}}{c + i(-1 + d)} \right] - \operatorname{PolyLog} \left[2, -\frac{(i + c - i d) e^{2 i (a + b x)}}{c + i(1 + d)} \right]
 \end{aligned}$$

Problem 63: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{ArcTan}[c + d \text{Cot}[a + b x]] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 198 leaves, 7 steps):

$$x \text{ArcTan}[c + d \text{Cot}[a + b x]] + \frac{1}{2} i x \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{(1 + i c - d) e^{2 i a + 2 i b x}}{1 + i c + d}\right] - \frac{1}{2} i x \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{(c + i(1 + d)) e^{2 i a + 2 i b x}}{c + i(1 - d)}\right] + \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{(1 + i c - d) e^{2 i a + 2 i b x}}{1 + i c + d}\right]}{4 b} - \frac{\text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{(c + i(1 + d)) e^{2 i a + 2 i b x}}{c + i(1 - d)}\right]}{4 b}$$

Result (type 4, 416 leaves):

$$x \text{ArcTan}[c + d \text{Cot}[a + b x]] + \frac{1}{4 b} \left(2 a \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{c(-1 + e^{-2 i(a+b x)})}{-1 + d + e^{-2 i(a+b x)} + d e^{-2 i(a+b x)}}\right] + 2 a \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{c(-1 + e^{2 i(a+b x)})}{-1 + d + e^{2 i(a+b x)} + d e^{2 i(a+b x)}}\right] + 2 i(a + b x) \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{(c + i(-1 + d)) e^{2 i(a+b x)}}{c - i(1 + d)}\right] - 2 i(a + b x) \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{(c + i(1 + d)) e^{2 i(a+b x)}}{i + c - i d}\right] - i a \text{Log}\left[e^{-4 i(a+b x)} \left(c^2(-1 + e^{2 i(a+b x)})^2 + (1 + d - e^{2 i(a+b x)} + d e^{2 i(a+b x)})^2\right)\right] + i a \text{Log}\left[e^{-4 i(a+b x)} \left(c^2(-1 + e^{2 i(a+b x)})^2 + (-1 + d + e^{2 i(a+b x)} + d e^{2 i(a+b x)})^2\right)\right] + \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{(c + i(-1 + d)) e^{2 i(a+b x)}}{c - i(1 + d)}\right] - \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{(c + i(1 + d)) e^{2 i(a+b x)}}{i + c - i d}\right] \right)$$

Problem 75: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int x^2 \text{ArcTan}[\text{Sinh}[x]] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 108 leaves, 10 steps):

$$-\frac{2}{3} x^3 \text{ArcTan}[e^x] + \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{ArcTan}[\text{Sinh}[x]] + i x^2 \text{PolyLog}[2, -i e^x] - i x^2 \text{PolyLog}[2, i e^x] - 2 i x \text{PolyLog}[3, -i e^x] + 2 i x \text{PolyLog}[3, i e^x] + 2 i \text{PolyLog}[4, -i e^x] - 2 i \text{PolyLog}[4, i e^x]$$

Result (type 4, 356 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{192} i \left(7 \pi^4 + 8 i \pi^3 x + 24 \pi^2 x^2 - 32 i \pi x^3 - 16 x^4 - 64 i x^3 \text{ArcTan}[\text{Sinh}[x]] \right) + \\ & 8 i \pi^3 \text{Log}[1 + i e^{-x}] + 48 \pi^2 x \text{Log}[1 + i e^{-x}] - 96 i \pi x^2 \text{Log}[1 + i e^{-x}] - \\ & 64 x^3 \text{Log}[1 + i e^{-x}] - 48 \pi^2 x \text{Log}[1 - i e^x] + 96 i \pi x^2 \text{Log}[1 - i e^x] - 8 i \pi^3 \text{Log}[1 + i e^x] + \\ & 64 x^3 \text{Log}[1 + i e^x] + 8 i \pi^3 \text{Log}\left[\text{Tan}\left[\frac{1}{4}(\pi + 2 i x)\right]\right] - 48 (\pi - 2 i x)^2 \text{PolyLog}[2, -i e^{-x}] + \\ & 192 x^2 \text{PolyLog}[2, -i e^x] - 48 \pi^2 \text{PolyLog}[2, i e^x] + 192 i \pi x \text{PolyLog}[2, i e^x] + \\ & 192 i \pi \text{PolyLog}[3, -i e^{-x}] + 384 x \text{PolyLog}[3, -i e^{-x}] - 384 x \text{PolyLog}[3, -i e^x] - \\ & 192 i \pi \text{PolyLog}[3, i e^x] + 384 \text{PolyLog}[4, -i e^{-x}] + 384 \text{PolyLog}[4, -i e^x] \end{aligned}$$

Problem 76: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (e + f x)^3 \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tanh}[a + b x]] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 299 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & - \frac{(e + f x)^4 \text{ArcTan}[e^{2a+2bx}]}{4 f} + \frac{(e + f x)^4 \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tanh}[a + b x]]}{4 f} + \\ & \frac{i (e + f x)^3 \text{PolyLog}[2, -i e^{2a+2bx}]}{4 b} - \frac{i (e + f x)^3 \text{PolyLog}[2, i e^{2a+2bx}]}{4 b} - \\ & \frac{3 i f (e + f x)^2 \text{PolyLog}[3, -i e^{2a+2bx}]}{8 b^2} + \frac{3 i f (e + f x)^2 \text{PolyLog}[3, i e^{2a+2bx}]}{8 b^2} + \\ & \frac{3 i f^2 (e + f x) \text{PolyLog}[4, -i e^{2a+2bx}]}{8 b^3} - \frac{3 i f^2 (e + f x) \text{PolyLog}[4, i e^{2a+2bx}]}{8 b^3} - \\ & \frac{3 i f^3 \text{PolyLog}[5, -i e^{2a+2bx}]}{16 b^4} + \frac{3 i f^3 \text{PolyLog}[5, i e^{2a+2bx}]}{16 b^4} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 600 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4} x (4 e^3 + 6 e^2 f x + 4 e f^2 x^2 + f^3 x^3) \text{ArcTan}[\text{Tanh}[a + b x]] - \\ & \frac{1}{16 b^4} i \left(8 b^4 e^3 x \text{Log}[1 - i e^{2(a+bx)}] + 12 b^4 e^2 f x^2 \text{Log}[1 - i e^{2(a+bx)}] + \right. \\ & 8 b^4 e f^2 x^3 \text{Log}[1 - i e^{2(a+bx)}] + 2 b^4 f^3 x^4 \text{Log}[1 - i e^{2(a+bx)}] - 8 b^4 e^3 x \text{Log}[1 + i e^{2(a+bx)}] - \\ & 12 b^4 e^2 f x^2 \text{Log}[1 + i e^{2(a+bx)}] - 8 b^4 e f^2 x^3 \text{Log}[1 + i e^{2(a+bx)}] - \\ & 2 b^4 f^3 x^4 \text{Log}[1 + i e^{2(a+bx)}] - 4 b^3 (e + f x)^3 \text{PolyLog}[2, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] + \\ & 4 b^3 (e + f x)^3 \text{PolyLog}[2, i e^{2(a+bx)}] + 6 b^2 e^2 f \text{PolyLog}[3, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] + \\ & 12 b^2 e f^2 x \text{PolyLog}[3, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] + 6 b^2 f^3 x^2 \text{PolyLog}[3, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] - \\ & 6 b^2 e^2 f \text{PolyLog}[3, i e^{2(a+bx)}] - 12 b^2 e f^2 x \text{PolyLog}[3, i e^{2(a+bx)}] - \\ & 6 b^2 f^3 x^2 \text{PolyLog}[3, i e^{2(a+bx)}] - 6 b e f^2 \text{PolyLog}[4, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] - \\ & 6 b f^3 x \text{PolyLog}[4, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] + 6 b e f^2 \text{PolyLog}[4, i e^{2(a+bx)}] + \\ & \left. 6 b f^3 x \text{PolyLog}[4, i e^{2(a+bx)}] + 3 f^3 \text{PolyLog}[5, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] - 3 f^3 \text{PolyLog}[5, i e^{2(a+bx)}] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 83: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \text{ArcTan}[c + d \text{Tanh}[a + b x]] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 174 leaves, 7 steps):

$$x \text{ArcTan}[c + d \text{Tanh}[a + b x]] + \frac{1}{2} i x \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(i - c - d) e^{2a+2bx}}{i - c + d}\right] - \frac{1}{2} i x \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{(i + c + d) e^{2a+2bx}}{i + c - d}\right] + \frac{i \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{(i - c - d) e^{2a+2bx}}{i - c + d}\right]}{4b} - \frac{i \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{(i + c + d) e^{2a+2bx}}{i + c - d}\right]}{4b}$$

Result (type 4, 365 leaves):

$$x \text{ArcTan}[c + d \text{Tanh}[a + b x]] + \frac{1}{2b} i \left(2 i a \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1 + e^{2(a+bx)}}{c - d + c e^{2(a+bx)} + d e^{2(a+bx)}}\right] + (a + b x) \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{-i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{i - c + d}}\right] + (a + b x) \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{-i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{i - c + d}}\right] - (a + b x) \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-i - c + d}}\right] - (a + b x) \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-i - c + d}}\right] + \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{-i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{i - c + d}}\right] + \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{-i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{i - c + d}}\right] - \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-i - c + d}}\right] - \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-i - c + d}}\right] \right)$$

Problem 93: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int (e + f x)^3 \text{ArcTan}[\text{Coth}[a + b x]] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 299 leaves, 12 steps):

$$\frac{(e + f x)^4 \text{ArcTan}[e^{2a+2bx}]}{4f} + \frac{(e + f x)^4 \text{ArcTan}[\text{Coth}[a + b x]]}{4f} - \frac{i (e + f x)^3 \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -i e^{2a+2bx}\right]}{4b} + \frac{i (e + f x)^3 \text{PolyLog}\left[2, i e^{2a+2bx}\right]}{4b} + \frac{3 i f (e + f x)^2 \text{PolyLog}\left[3, -i e^{2a+2bx}\right]}{8b^2} - \frac{3 i f (e + f x)^2 \text{PolyLog}\left[3, i e^{2a+2bx}\right]}{8b^2} - \frac{3 i f^2 (e + f x) \text{PolyLog}\left[4, -i e^{2a+2bx}\right]}{8b^3} + \frac{3 i f^2 (e + f x) \text{PolyLog}\left[4, i e^{2a+2bx}\right]}{8b^3} + \frac{3 i f^3 \text{PolyLog}\left[5, -i e^{2a+2bx}\right]}{16b^4} - \frac{3 i f^3 \text{PolyLog}\left[5, i e^{2a+2bx}\right]}{16b^4}$$

Result (type 4, 600 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{4} x (4 e^3 + 6 e^2 f x + 4 e f^2 x^2 + f^3 x^3) \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Coth}[a + b x]] + \\ & \frac{1}{16 b^4} i \left(8 b^4 e^3 x \operatorname{Log}[1 - i e^{2(a+bx)}] + 12 b^4 e^2 f x^2 \operatorname{Log}[1 - i e^{2(a+bx)}] + \right. \\ & 8 b^4 e f^2 x^3 \operatorname{Log}[1 - i e^{2(a+bx)}] + 2 b^4 f^3 x^4 \operatorname{Log}[1 - i e^{2(a+bx)}] - 8 b^4 e^3 x \operatorname{Log}[1 + i e^{2(a+bx)}] - \\ & 12 b^4 e^2 f x^2 \operatorname{Log}[1 + i e^{2(a+bx)}] - 8 b^4 e f^2 x^3 \operatorname{Log}[1 + i e^{2(a+bx)}] - \\ & 2 b^4 f^3 x^4 \operatorname{Log}[1 + i e^{2(a+bx)}] - 4 b^3 (e + f x)^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] + \\ & 4 b^3 (e + f x)^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}[2, i e^{2(a+bx)}] + 6 b^2 e^2 f \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] + \\ & 12 b^2 e f^2 x \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] + 6 b^2 f^3 x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] - \\ & 6 b^2 e^2 f \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, i e^{2(a+bx)}] - 12 b^2 e f^2 x \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, i e^{2(a+bx)}] - \\ & 6 b^2 f^3 x^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}[3, i e^{2(a+bx)}] - 6 b e f^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}[4, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] - \\ & 6 b f^3 x \operatorname{PolyLog}[4, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] + 6 b e f^2 \operatorname{PolyLog}[4, i e^{2(a+bx)}] + \\ & \left. 6 b f^3 x \operatorname{PolyLog}[4, i e^{2(a+bx)}] + 3 f^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}[5, -i e^{2(a+bx)}] - 3 f^3 \operatorname{PolyLog}[5, i e^{2(a+bx)}] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 100: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \operatorname{ArcTan}[c + d \operatorname{Coth}[a + b x]] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 174 leaves, 7 steps):

$$\begin{aligned} & x \operatorname{ArcTan}[c + d \operatorname{Coth}[a + b x]] + \frac{1}{2} i x \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{(i - c - d) e^{2a+2bx}}{i - c + d}\right] - \\ & \frac{1}{2} i x \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{(i + c + d) e^{2a+2bx}}{i + c - d}\right] + \frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{(i - c - d) e^{2a+2bx}}{i - c + d}\right]}{4 b} - \frac{i \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{(i + c + d) e^{2a+2bx}}{i + c - d}\right]}{4 b} \end{aligned}$$

Result (type 4, 365 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & x \operatorname{ArcTan}[c + d \operatorname{Coth}[a + b x]] + \frac{1}{2 b} \\ & i \left(2 i a \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1 + e^{2(a+bx)}}{-c + d + c e^{2(a+bx)} + d e^{2(a+bx)}}\right] + (a + b x) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{-i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-i + c - d}}\right] + \right. \\ & (a + b x) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{-i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-i + c - d}}\right] - (a + b x) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 - \frac{\sqrt{i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{i + c - d}}\right] - \\ & (a + b x) \operatorname{Log}\left[1 + \frac{\sqrt{i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{i + c - d}}\right] + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{-i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-i + c - d}}\right] + \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \right. \\ & \left. \frac{\sqrt{-i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{-i + c - d}}\right] - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{\sqrt{i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{i + c - d}}\right] - \operatorname{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{\sqrt{i + c + d} e^{a+bx}}{\sqrt{i + c - d}}\right] \left. \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 116: Attempted integration timed out after 120 seconds.

$$\int \operatorname{ArcTan}[a + b f^{c+dx}] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 196 leaves, 6 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& - \frac{\text{ArcTan}[a + b f^{c+dx}] \text{Log}\left[\frac{2}{1-i(a+b f^{c+dx})}\right]}{d \text{Log}[f]} + \frac{\text{ArcTan}[a + b f^{c+dx}] \text{Log}\left[\frac{2 b f^{c+dx}}{(i-a)(1-i(a+b f^{c+dx}))}\right]}{d \text{Log}[f]} + \\
& \frac{i \text{PolyLog}\left[2, 1 - \frac{2}{1-i(a+b f^{c+dx})}\right]}{2 d \text{Log}[f]} - \frac{i \text{PolyLog}\left[2, 1 - \frac{2 b f^{c+dx}}{(i-a)(1-i(a+b f^{c+dx}))}\right]}{2 d \text{Log}[f]}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 1, 1 leaves):

???

Problem 117: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x \text{ArcTan}[a + b f^{c+dx}] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 232 leaves, 9 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{2} x^2 \text{ArcTan}[a + b f^{c+dx}] - \frac{1}{4} i x^2 \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1-i a}\right] + \\
& \frac{1}{4} i x^2 \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1+i a}\right] - \frac{i x \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1-i a}\right]}{2 d \text{Log}[f]} + \\
& \frac{i x \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1+i a}\right]}{2 d \text{Log}[f]} + \frac{i \text{PolyLog}\left[3, \frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1-i a}\right]}{2 d^2 \text{Log}[f]^2} - \frac{i \text{PolyLog}\left[3, -\frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1+i a}\right]}{2 d^2 \text{Log}[f]^2}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 16 leaves):

$$\int x \text{ArcTan}[a + b f^{c+dx}] dx$$

Problem 118: Unable to integrate problem.

$$\int x^2 \text{ArcTan}[a + b f^{c+dx}] dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 302 leaves, 11 steps):

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{1}{3} x^3 \text{ArcTan}[a + b f^{c+dx}] - \frac{1}{6} i x^3 \text{Log}\left[1 - \frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1-i a}\right] + \frac{1}{6} i x^3 \text{Log}\left[1 + \frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1+i a}\right] - \\
& \frac{i x^2 \text{PolyLog}\left[2, \frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1-i a}\right]}{2 d \text{Log}[f]} + \frac{i x^2 \text{PolyLog}\left[2, -\frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1+i a}\right]}{2 d \text{Log}[f]} + \frac{i x \text{PolyLog}\left[3, \frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1-i a}\right]}{d^2 \text{Log}[f]^2} - \\
& \frac{i x \text{PolyLog}\left[3, -\frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1+i a}\right]}{d^2 \text{Log}[f]^2} - \frac{i \text{PolyLog}\left[4, \frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1-i a}\right]}{d^3 \text{Log}[f]^3} + \frac{i \text{PolyLog}\left[4, -\frac{i b f^{c+dx}}{1+i a}\right]}{d^3 \text{Log}[f]^3}
\end{aligned}$$

Result (type 8, 18 leaves):

$$\int x^2 \text{ArcTan}[a + b f^{c+dx}] dx$$

Problem 148: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int e^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Cosh}[ac + bcx]] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 103 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{e^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Cosh}[c(a+bx)]]}{bc} - \frac{(1-\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log}[3-2\sqrt{2}+e^{2c(a+bx)}]}{2bc} - \frac{(1+\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log}[3+2\sqrt{2}+e^{2c(a+bx)}]}{2bc}$$

Result (type 7, 146 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2bc} \left(-4c(a+bx) + 2e^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1}{2}e^{-c(a+bx)}(1+e^{2c(a+bx)})\right] + \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1+6\#1^2+\#1^4 \&, \frac{1}{1+3\#1^2}(ac+bcx - \operatorname{Log}[e^{c(a+bx)}-\#1] + 7ac\#1^2 + 7bcx\#1^2 - 7\operatorname{Log}[e^{c(a+bx)}-\#1]\#1^2) \&] \right)$$

Problem 149: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int e^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Tanh}[ac + bcx]] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 180 leaves, 13 steps):

$$\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[1-\sqrt{2}e^{ac+bcx}]}{\sqrt{2}bc} - \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[1+\sqrt{2}e^{ac+bcx}]}{\sqrt{2}bc} + \frac{e^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Tanh}[c(a+bx)]]}{bc} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1+e^{2c(a+bx)}-\sqrt{2}e^{ac+bcx}]}{2\sqrt{2}bc} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1+e^{2c(a+bx)}+\sqrt{2}e^{ac+bcx}]}{2\sqrt{2}bc}$$

Result (type 7, 89 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2bc} \left(2e^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+e^{2c(a+bx)}}{1+e^{2c(a+bx)}}\right] + \operatorname{RootSum}\left[1+\#1^4 \&, \frac{ac+bcx - \operatorname{Log}[e^{c(a+bx)}-\#1]}{\#1} \&] \right)$$

Problem 150: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int e^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Coth}[ac + bcx]] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 180 leaves, 13 steps):

$$-\frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[1-\sqrt{2}e^{ac+bcx}]}{\sqrt{2}bc} + \frac{\operatorname{ArcTan}[1+\sqrt{2}e^{ac+bcx}]}{\sqrt{2}bc} + \frac{e^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{ArcTan}[\operatorname{Coth}[c(a+bx)]]}{bc} + \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1+e^{2c(a+bx)}-\sqrt{2}e^{ac+bcx}]}{2\sqrt{2}bc} - \frac{\operatorname{Log}[1+e^{2c(a+bx)}+\sqrt{2}e^{ac+bcx}]}{2\sqrt{2}bc}$$

Result (type 7, 89 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2bc} \left(2e^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{1+e^{2c(a+bx)}}{-1+e^{2c(a+bx)}} \right] + \operatorname{RootSum} \left[1+\#1^4 \&, \frac{-ac-bcx+\operatorname{Log} \left[e^{c(a+bx)}-\#1 \right]}{\#1} \& \right] \right)$$

Problem 151: Result is not expressed in closed-form.

$$\int e^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{ArcTan} [\operatorname{Sech} [ac+bcx]] dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 103 leaves, 8 steps):

$$\frac{e^{ac+bcx} \operatorname{ArcTan} [\operatorname{Sech} [c(a+bx)]]}{bc} + \frac{(1-\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log} [3-2\sqrt{2}+e^{2c(a+bx)}]}{2bc} + \frac{(1+\sqrt{2}) \operatorname{Log} [3+2\sqrt{2}+e^{2c(a+bx)}]}{2bc}$$

Result (type 7, 145 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2bc} \left(4c(a+bx) + 2e^{c(a+bx)} \operatorname{ArcTan} \left[\frac{2e^{c(a+bx)}}{1+e^{2c(a+bx)}} \right] + \operatorname{RootSum} [1+6\#1^2+\#1^4 \&, \frac{1}{1+3\#1^2} (-ac-bcx+\operatorname{Log} [e^{c(a+bx)}-\#1] -7ac\#1^2-7bcx\#1^2+7\operatorname{Log} [e^{c(a+bx)}-\#1]\#1^2) \&] \right)$$

Problem 153: Result unnecessarily involves higher level functions.

$$\int \frac{(a+b \operatorname{ArcTan} [cx^n]) (d+e \operatorname{Log} [fx^m])}{x} dx$$

Optimal (type 4, 163 leaves, 13 steps):

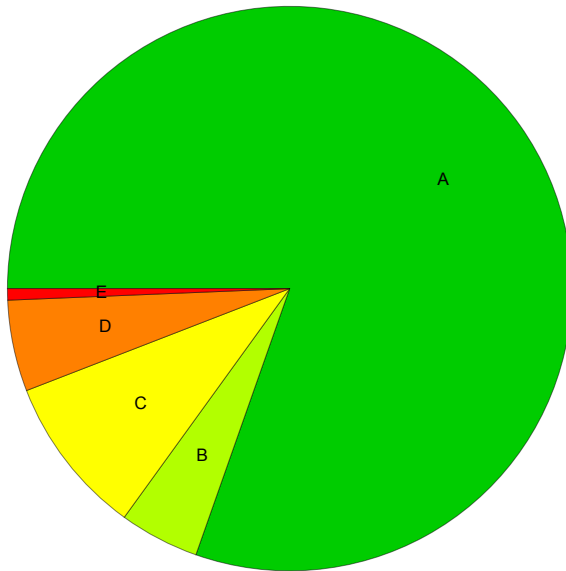
$$ad \operatorname{Log} [x] + \frac{ae \operatorname{Log} [fx^m]^2}{2m} + \frac{ibd \operatorname{PolyLog} [2, -icx^n]}{2n} + \frac{ibe \operatorname{Log} [fx^m] \operatorname{PolyLog} [2, -icx^n]}{2n} - \frac{ibd \operatorname{PolyLog} [2, icx^n]}{2n} - \frac{ibe \operatorname{Log} [fx^m] \operatorname{PolyLog} [2, icx^n]}{2n} - \frac{ibem \operatorname{PolyLog} [3, -icx^n]}{2n^2} + \frac{ibem \operatorname{PolyLog} [3, icx^n]}{2n^2}$$

Result (type 5, 116 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{n^2} bce m x^n \operatorname{HypergeometricPFQ} \left[\left\{ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1 \right\}, \left\{ \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \right\}, -c^2 x^{2n} \right] + \frac{1}{n} b c x^n \operatorname{HypergeometricPFQ} \left[\left\{ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}, 1 \right\}, \left\{ \frac{3}{2}, \frac{3}{2} \right\}, -c^2 x^{2n} \right] (d+e \operatorname{Log} [fx^m]) + \frac{1}{2} a \operatorname{Log} [x] (2d-em \operatorname{Log} [x] + 2e \operatorname{Log} [fx^m])$$

Summary of Integration Test Results

153 integration problems



- A - 123 optimal antiderivatives
- B - 7 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives
- C - 14 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives
- D - 8 unable to integrate problems
- E - 1 integration timeouts